# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



# Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Mystik® Lubricants Terra® 500 Gas Engine Oil, SAE 15W-50
Synonyms	: Gas engine oil
Code	: 663051002
MSDS #	: 663051002

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Not applicable.

Supplier's details :	CITGO Petroleum Corporation P.O. Box 4689 Houston, TX 77210 sdsvend@citgo.com
Emergency telephone : number (with hours of operation)	Technical Contact: (800) 248-4684 Medical Emergency: (832) 486-4700 CHEMTREC Emergency: (800) 424-9300 (United States Only)

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms	:



Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
General	Keep out of reach of children.
Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
Response	Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. Wash with plenty of soap and water or use a recognized skin cleanser.
Storage	Store in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. Store locked up. Store in a dry place and a closed container. Empty containers may contain material residues which can ignite with explosive force. Misuse of empty containers can be dangerous if used to store toxic, flammable, or reactive materials. Cutting or welding of empty containers can cause fire, explosion, or release of toxic fumes from residues. Do not pressurize or expose empty containers to open flame, sparks, or heat. Keep container closed and drum bungs in place. All label warnings and precautions must be observed. Return empty drums to a qualified reconditioner. Consult appropriate federal, state and local authorities before reusing, reconditioning, reclaiming, recycling, or disposing of empty containers and/or waste residues of this material.

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Dis	spo	sal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. Don't Pollute. Conserve Resources. Return used oil to collection centers.

# Hazards not otherwise classified

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

: None known.

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Gas engine oil
identification	

### **CAS number/other identifiers**

**CAS number** : Not applicable.

%	CAS number
≥75 - ≤90	64742-54-7
≤5	64742-65-0
≤0.3	68411-46-1
<0.25	68457-79-4
	≥75 - ≤90 ≤5 ≤0.3

\* = Various \*\* = Mixture \*\*\* = Proprietary

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to process variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs. Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and Skin contact shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and Ingestion keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms	/effects, acute	and delayed			
Potential acute health eff	ects				
Eye contact	: No know	n significant effects or critic	al hazards.		
Inhalation	: No know	n significant effects or critic	al hazards.		
Skin contact	: No know	n significant effects or critic	al hazards.		
Ingestion	: No know	n significant effects or critic	al hazards.		
<u>Over-exposure signs/syn</u>	nptoms				
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# Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: Treat symptomatically and supportively.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	g	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. Bulk Storage Conditions: Maintain all storage tanks in accordance with applicable regulations. Use necessary controls to monitor tank inventories. Inspect all storage tanks on a periodic basis. Test tanks and associated piping for tightness. Maintain the automatic leak detection devices to assure proper working condition.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic

OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Oil mist, mineral] TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined] TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Distillates (petroleum), solve	ent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	<ul> <li>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [OIL MIST MINERAL] TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Mist OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Oil mist, mineral] TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Mineral Oil, pure, highly and severely refined] TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction</li> <li>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [OIL MIST MINERAL] TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Mist</li> </ul>		
Appropriate engineering controls		nes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, gineering controls to keep worker exposure to commended or statutory limits.		
Environmental exposure controls	they comply with the requirements o cases, vapor controls, filters or engine	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, vapor controls, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		
Individual protection measu	res			
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face tho eating, smoking and using the lavate Appropriate techniques should be used.	proughly after handling chemical products, before ory and at the end of the working period. sed to remove potentially contaminated clothing. reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety n location.		
Eye/face protection	industrial settings. If contact is pose the assessment indicates a higher d Safety eyewear complying with an a assessment indicates this is necess	hields are recommended as minimum protection in sible, the following protection should be worn, unless degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. approved standard should be used when a risk eary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, s exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.		
Skin protection				
Hand protection	standard should be worn at all times assessment indicates this is necess glove manufacturer, check during us properties. It should be noted that th	nical-resistant gloves complying with an approved s when handling chemical products if a risk sary. Considering the parameters specified by the se that the gloves are still retaining their protective he time to breakthrough for any glove material may facturers. Leather gloves are not protective for		
Body protection		ne body should be selected based on the task being id should be approved by a specialist before		
Other skin protection	measures should be selected based	opriate footwear and any additional skin protection d on the task being performed and the risks involved alist before handling this product. Leather boots are		
Respiratory protection	supplied-air respirator complying wit indicates this is necessary. Respira	nists or dusts. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or th an approved standard if a risk assessment tor selection must be based on known or anticipated product and the safe working limits of the selected		

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance		
Physical state	Liquid.	
Color	Amber.	
Odor	Mild Petroleum Odor	
рН	Not available.	
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	Not available.	
Flash point	Open cup: 218°C (424.4°F) [Cleveland.]	
Evaporation rate	<1 (n-butyl acetate. = 1)	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	Lower: 1% Upper: 7%	
Vapor pressure	<0.013 kPa (<0.1 mm Hg)	
Relative vapor density	>1 [Air = 1]	
Relative density	0.87	
Density lbs/gal	0.87 lbs/gal	
Density gm/cm³	Not available.	
Gravity, °API	30.7 @ 60 F	
Solubility	Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.	
Viscosity	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 131 mm²/s (131 cSt)	
Viscosity SUS	Estimated 607 SUS @104 F	
Flow time (ISO 2431)	Not available.	
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	Not applicable.	

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	Not expected to be Explosive, Self-Reactive, Self-Heating, or an Organic Peroxide under US GHS Definition(s).
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	No specific data.
Incompatible materials	:	No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
5	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
F	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(iso-Bu and pentyl) esters, zinc salts	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	<ul> <li>Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic: Mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects.</li> <li>Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic: Mineral oil mists derived from highly refined oils are reported to have low acute and sub-acute toxicities in animals. Effects from single and short-term repeated exposures to high concentrations of mineral oil mists well above applicable workplace exposure levels include lung inflammatory reaction, lipoid granuloma formation and lipoid pneumonia. In acute and sub-acute studies involving exposures to lower concentrations of mineral oil mists at or near current work place exposure levels produced no significant toxicological effects.</li> </ul>			

### Irritation/Corrosion

Not available. Skin Eyes Respiratory Sensitization Not available. Skin Respiratory Mutagenicity Not available. Conclusion/Summary

#### Carcinogenicity Not available.

Conclusion/Summary Reproductive toxicity Not available.

### Conclusion/Summary Teratogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : I

: No additional information.

- : No additional information.
  - : No additional information.
  - : No additional information.
  - : No additional information.
- : No additional information.
  - : No additional information.
  - : No additional information.
- : No additional information.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicit	tv (	single exposure)
Not available.		
Specific target organ toxicit Not available.	t <u>y (</u>	repeated exposure)
Aspiration hazard Not available.		
Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal.
Potential acute health effects	2	
Eye contact	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the phy	sic	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	1	No specific data.
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect	ts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects		Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	s
Not available.		-
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	Suspected of damaging fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity Acute toxicity estimates

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(iso-Bu and pentyl) esters, zinc salts	3600	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(iso-Bu and pentyl) esters, zinc salts	EC50 21 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	LC50 4.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Fish	96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		I

### Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(iso-Bu and pentyl) esters, zinc salts	5.1 0.69	-	high Iow

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted. Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(iso-Bu and pentyl) esters, zinc salts; lead powder; benzene

### Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: benzene

This material is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (OPA). Discharges or spills which produce a visible sheen on waters of the United States, their adjoining shorelines, or into conduits leading to surface waters must be reported to the EPA's National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.

### SARA 302/304

### **Composition/information on ingredients**

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

#### SARA 311/312 Classification

: TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Benzenamine, N-phenyl-, reaction products with 2,4,4-trimethylpentene	≤0.3	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

### <u>SARA 313</u>

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	lead powder	7439-92-1	trace
Supplier notification	lead powder	7439-92-1	trace

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

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# Section 15. Regulatory information

#### **State regulations**

Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: OIL MIST, MINERAL; OIL MIST, MINERAL
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	: None of the components are listed.
Pennsylvania	: None of the components are listed.

#### California Prop. 65 Clear and Reasonable Warnings (2018)

**WARNING**: This product can expose you to chemicals including 2-ethylhexyl acrylate, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Lead, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	%	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
2-ethylhexyl acrylate	<0.001	Yes.	No.	-	-
ethyl acrylate	<0.001	Yes.	No.	-	-
lead powder	trace	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
benzene	trace	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.

International regulations

### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### **Inventory list**

United States	: All components are listed or exempted.
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: Not determined.
Japan	: Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	: Not determined.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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## Section 16. Other information

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

	Justification			
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2		Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method		
History				
Date of printing	: 5/7/2024			
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5/7/2024			
Date of previous issue	: 10/31/2022			
Version	: 5.01			
Key to abbreviations	IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coe MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)		
References	: Not available.			

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

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